



USER MANUAL R500NGi

INTELLIGENT AIS RECEIVER WITH WiFi & GPS SKU 001-1049

R500NGi-MA-v06r03 2019-11-06 ENGLISH

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1 R500NGi INTELLIGENT AIS RECEIVER WITH WIFI & GPS



2 DOCUMENT

2.1 About This Manual

This Manual provides installation, operating Instructions and fault-finding procedures for the equipment to which it relates.

This manual may also be made available in electronic Portable Document Format (PDF). In PDF format, the following categories are all enabled as active hyperlink references: (1) The titles of each section; (2) document cross-references; (3) the table of contents.

This document may therefore be navigated quickly and effectively by using a mouse or other pointing device to activate each of these hyperlinks. This is a printer friendly document, designed to be printed 2-sided as a booklet with A5 pages on A4 stock paper.

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3 NOTICE

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4 GENERAL NOTICES



SAFETY: Make sure the power supply is switched off before you make any electrical connections to the unit.



(I) INSTALLATION: This equipment must be installed in accordance with the instructions provided in this manual. Failure to do so could result in poor performance, personal injury and/or damage to your vessel and/or connected equipment.



CABLES: The supplied cables should only be cut, shortened or lengthened by an appropriate supplier.

In accordance with a policy of continual development and product improvement, hardware and software may be upgraded from time to time, and future versions of equipment may therefore not correspond exactly with this manual.

When necessary, upgrades to the product will be accompanied by updates or addenda to this manual. Information contained in this manual is liable to change without notice.

Comar Systems Ltd. disclaims any liability for consequences arising from omissions or inaccuracies in this manual and any other documentation provided with this product.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

5 INTRODUCTION

The R500NGi from Comar Systems is a compact, dual channel synthesized VHF AIS Receiver equipped with Ethernet, WiFi, GPS and USB Interfaces for land-based, shore side monitoring. It is designed to receive and decode all AIS transmissions from vessels fitted with Class 'A' or 'B' AIS transceivers, Aids to Navigation, and SART.

The R500NGi is based on the popular *Raspberry* $Pi^{TM}3_1$ mini-computer and is optimised for coastal monitoring of AIS equipped marine traffic. The R500NGi is primarily intended for developers to implement within their own AIS monitoring networks. With compatible plotting software - for example, OpenCPN₂ - AIS data can be received from vessels within range of the antenna and displayed on a monitor in a visual representation.

Before operating the unit you should familiarise yourself with this user manual

The R500NGi is intended to be developed continually, therefore this manual should be considered as a guide

5.1 Parts List

On delivery, carefully inspect the contents of the packing case. Note any damage or any missing items. Ensure that the correct parts are included for your application.

Item:	Description:	No. included:	COMAR SKU Number:
1	R500NGi AIS Receiver - Unit	1	001-1047
2	Universal Power Supply	1	004-7128

¹ For the latest information on Raspberry Pi™computers and operating systems please refer to *raspberrypi.org*

² OpenCPN: Open source Chart Plotter Navigation software. For the latest information on OpenCPN software please refer to *opencpn.org*

6 MAJOR DIMENSIONS

All dimensions mm:







10

7 INSTALLATION

7.1 Mounting

Before starting installation select a suitable location. The R500NGi from COMAR SYSTEMS is intended to be used indoors as part of a land-based installation. It should be installed in a cool, dry place away from excessive vibration and shocks and can be mounted to a suitable bulkhead or shelf.

7.2 Power Supply

Fit the universal power supply₃ with the correct adaptor for your local power. Connect the Antenna & Ethernet cables first. Lastly, connect the power cable by plugging the micro-USB power jack into the micro-USB socket on the side of the R500NGi, see section *6 MAJOR DIMENSIONS*. Provided that the unit is configured correctly, the receiver will immediately begin the boot process. Refer to section *8 CONFIGURATION*.

7.3 AIS Antenna Installation

A VHF antenna for receiving AIS signals is not included in this package. The minimum requirements of an antenna suitable for AIS are:

- Marine VHF band reception (for maximum performance, centred at 162 MHz)
- Having a gain of 3 dB or more
- Omnidirectional

Shore based reception is governed by local terrain, however an open view to the sea with an antenna mounted in the clear, at a height of approximately 20 metres will achieve a reception range of 25 nautical miles or more. A higher gain antenna can be used on shore to further increase the coverage. COMAR SYSTEMS has a range of antennas available; we recommend the AV200 unit with ground plane for use with the R500NGi.

NOTE: The higher the antenna is located, the greater the range.

Mount the antenna with a relatively clear view of the horizon. Large obstructions that might shade the antenna should be avoided. Try to maintain a short RF cable run, preferably 10 m or less for the RG-58 cable type or 20 m for the RG-213 type.

Normally an omni-directional antenna is recommended; however a directional antenna such as a 3 element Yagi can be used to greatly increase performance in one particular direction.

In order to protect the antenna installation from the elements and avoid water ingress, please apply waterproof sealant to both the RF connector and at the point where the sub-assemblies connect to the main body.

³ In the unlikely event of power supply failure it is possible to use any micro-USB plug pack capable of delivering 1.2 A of power, e.g. a phone or a tablet charger.

8 CONFIGURATION

This manual is intended to instruct in the installation of open source software on the Comar R500NGi. Third party proprietary networked implementations of the R500NGi are outside the scope of this manual. The micro computer embedded in the R500NGi is a *Raspberry Pi* 3[™] unit.

8.1 Installing Open Source Software

The R500NGi is shipped without software and can be installed with any operating system that works on the Raspberry Pi 3[™] micro computer. Full information and additional details can be found on the Raspberry Foundation website: *https://www.raspberrypi.org/*

The R500NGi can run a number of operating systems and these are listed and explained on the official Raspberry Foundation website. Comar Systems recommend using *Raspbian,* the official operating system (OS) for the Raspberry Pi, which is a Linux based OS. The following information is based on the assumption that you will be using Raspbian. It is an open source operating system and can be freely downloadable from the internet.

The examples in this section are based on the Raspbian OS. This section describes examples of how to download and install software to receive data from the R500NGi in two stages:

- 1. To be able to view the data as a NMEA feed
- 2. To install OpenCPN charting software to view the position of vessels in a charting application

OpenCPN is an open source application. Refer to the OpenCPN website: opencpn.org

8.2 Requirements

You will need the following:

- 1. The Comar R500NGi and power supply
- 2. A MicroSD data storage card. Comar recommends a high quality branded card of at least 8 GB capacity
- 3. USB Mouse and keyboard or USB Bluetooth
- 4. A monitor with an HDMI4 connection
- A connection to the internet, either using Wi-Fi or ethernet via the RJ45 port. Comar always
 recommends using a direct cable connection via the RJ45 port while installing the system
 software
- 6. A VHF antenna to connect to the BNC connection of the R500NGi. Comar recommends the AV200 antenna for receiving AIS data transmitted from marine traffic
- 7. A GPS Antenna, we recommend the Comar AG100.
- 8. A computer (PC or Mac) connected to the internet

4 High-Definition Multimedia Interface

8.3 Installing the Raspbian OS

Raspbian is the official Operating System for the Raspberry Pi Foundation. You have two options to install Raspbian on an SD card:

- 1. The New Out Of Box Software (NOOBS) option
- 2. Installing an SD image directly

We recommend the NOOBS option.

• To install the Raspbian OS, follow this easy guide for both options: https://www.raspberrypi.org/learning/software-guide/quickstart/

There are two versions of the operating system:

- 1. A full operating system with graphical user interface and networking
- 2. A 'lite' version with no graphical user interface and reduced functionality.

The instructions below are based on installing the full GUI version of Raspbian.

Once you have installed the operating system you will want to get access to the AIS data from the inbuilt AIS receiver. The AIS data is a NMEA stream on the internal serial port and once set up it can be viewed, stored or transferred to an application or other device.

To use the AIS receiver you have to enable the serial port and set the communication parameters. This applies to all uses of the R500NGi; see below.

8.4 Enabling the Serial Port

In the later *Jessie*⁵ releases the GPIO serial port is disabled by default. In order to enable it, you will need to edit config.txt using the terminal emulator on the toolbar, as follows:

Once you have Raspbian running on Raspberry Pi, go to Menu \rightarrow Accessories \rightarrow Terminal, and type:

sudo nano /boot/config.txt

A text editor will open. Move the cursor to the end of the file and add this line:

enable_uart=1

This will also lock the cpu core frequency for you so there's nothing else you need to do.

(The full command for locking the CPU core frequency is: core_freq=250 which you add to the same file as well).

core_freq=250

Save the file by pressing Ctrl+X, say Yes and press enter. Reboot for the changes to take effect.

Now type:

sudo reboot

This will restart the system.

Once the R500NGi is back up and running, check the status of the serial port.

Go to Menu \rightarrow Accessories \rightarrow Terminal, and type:

\$ Is –I /dev

• NOTE: Use lower case 'L' not '1' or any other character

You should see the serial port *ttyS0* with the alias of *serial0* displayed part way down the list:

 crw-rw-r--1
 root
 10,
 58 May 28 12:14
 rfkill

 lrwxrwxrwx 1
 root
 5
 May 28 12:14
 serial8
 ->
 ttyS8

 lrwxrwxrwx 1
 root
 7
 May 28 12:14
 serial1
 ->
 ttyS8

 drwxrwxrwx 1
 root
 7
 May 28 12:14
 serial1
 ->
 ttyAMA8

 drwxrwxrwt 2
 root
 40
 May 28 12:15
 shm

The next step is to disable the remote console which by default uses the internal serial port *ttyS0* which is also the same serial port the AIS receiver uses in the R500NGi. To do this, type:

\$ sudo systemctl stop serial-getty@ttyS0.service

\$ sudo systemctl disable serial-getty@ttyS0.service

You also need to remove the console from the cmdline.txt. You edit this with the following line:

\$ sudo nano /boot/cmdline.txt

You will then see a response similar to this:

dwc_otg.lpm_enable=0 console=serial0,115200 console=tty1 root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rootfstype=ext4 elevator=deadline fsck.repair=yes root wait

Remove the text:

console=serial0,115200

The code should now look something like this:

dwc_otg.lpm_enable=0 console=tty1 root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rootfstype=ext4 elevator=deadline fsck.repair=yes root wait

Save the file by pressing Ctrl+X, use option Yes and press Enter. Reboot for changes to take effect.

\$ sudo reboot

Finally you need to set the speed and enable the port *ttyS0* for the AIS stream.

8.4.1 Setting and testing the serial port to receive AIS data

First, set the serial port to the Baud rate of 38400:

```
$ stty –F /dev/ttyS0 38400
```

Make sure that the AIS antenna is connected. You should now be receiving AIS data on the internal serial port. Check that the red LEDs on the side of the R500NGi are flashing; these indicate data being received.

To check that the data sentences being received are formatted correctly you will need to examine the data. This can be done either on the screen or by redirecting it to a file as follows:

\$ cat /dev/ttyS0 > ./test.txt

This command line will put all the data received into a file named ./test.txt which can then be viewed:

\$ more ./test.txt

You will see something like this formatted AIS data:

	pi@raspberrypi: ~	_ 🗆 X
File Edit Tabs Help		
AIVDM,1,1,,B,13M@F2@000wr	5EDM2M1an:pb0@~:,0*4C	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,33P>PJE000wr	tSNM4V:so@4f0Dg:,0*7A	1
AIVDM,1,1,,A,13P7JTP1000r	rb8M4=8Bobdf08>L,0*18	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,13mCe@0000wr	pdJM4e@IBkL1050t,0*2A	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,402MN7iv5q`?	N0rrkHM4E`g02000,0*08	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,133dmn001Uwq	Mj@M2−vqdWbr2@Ah,0*48	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,4h2=agQv5q`?	N0r02rM4iQ1008B>,0*04	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,B3P=9nP06?vH	D7W@L`LKswi5oP06,0*17	
AIVDM,1,1,,B,13P7JTP0h10r	rb8M4=89i:e40<2C,0*48	
AIVDM.1.1.,B,13IbQQ001b0r	r8dM48oF05=<8@Fh,0*09	
AIVDM,1,1,,A,133dmn001Uwq	WVfM2=`aboc<2<30,0*12	
AIVDM,1,1,,A,402MN7iv5q`? -More(11%)	W0rrk>M4Eaw02000,0*75	

If strange characters are displayed or data sentences are not formatted correctly then the Baud rate settings may need checking for the serial port. In this case, repeat the procedure for setting up the serial port.

8.5 Installing OpenCPN

OpenCPN works on Raspberry Pi 3[™] model which is embedded in the Comar R500NGi. There are three options for installing OpenCPN:

8.5.1 Option 1: A complete installation including the Raspbian OS

If you feel lazy you can use OpenPlotter, a complete marine Operating System for Raspberry Pi with the Raspbian OS, OpenCPN and plugins installed and extra tools ready to use. OpenPlotter can be installed with 'NOOBS' (New Out Of Box Software) by following this online guide:

https://sailoog.gitbooks.io/openplotter-documentation/content/en/getting_started.html

8.5.2 Option 2: Installing OpenCPN after installing the Raspbian OS

You can install OpenCPN by adding an Ubuntu PPA (Personal Packages Archives) to your system's Software Sources. To do this, first install the Rapsbian OS as described previously and enable the serial port, checking that AIS data is being received on the serial port, as described previously. Then add OpenCPN in the next steps.

Once you have Raspbian running on Raspberry Pi, go to: Menu \rightarrow Accessories \rightarrow Terminal, and type:

\$ sudo nano /etc/apt/sources.list

A text editor will open. Move the cursor to the end and add this line:

\$ deb http://ppa.launchpad.net/opencpn/opencpn/ubuntu/ trusty main

Save the file pressing Ctrl+X, say Yes and press enter. Now type:

\$ sudo apt-key adv --keyserver keyserver.ubuntu.com --recv-keys C865EB40

and press enter. Now be sure you have an Internet connection and type:

\$ sudo apt-get update

The Software sources will be updated and finally you will have to type:

\$ sudo apt-get install opencpn

Confirm install with Y and hit enter.

8.5.3 Configure the OpenCPN

Start OpenCPN from the GUI.

On the menu -> option -> connections

Add a connection ->Serial

Set Baud Rate 38400

Select Port /dev/ttyS0

Click the Apply button and the setup is complete.

				Options				×
Q		5 ²⁹	1	₩	-			
Display General	Charts	Connections	Ships	User Interface	Plugins			
Filter	NMEA (Course and S	peed data	Filter period	(sec) 1			
Show	NMEA I	Debug Windo	w					
Formation Formation	at uploa	ds for Furuno	GP3X					
🗆 Use G	armin G	RMN (Host)	mode for	uploads				
🗆 Use m	nagnetic	bearings in	output se	ntence ECAPB				
Data Con	nection	S						
Enable	Туре	DataPort	Priority	Parameters	Connection	Filters		
2	Serial	/dev/ttyS0	1	38400	Input	In: None, Out: N	one	
Add Con	nection	Remove Co	onnection					
Propertie	s							
Serial		twork						
O Ochia		ATTOIN						
DataPor	t /dev/	ttyS0 ~ B	audrate	38400 ~				~
					ОК	Cancel	Anniv	
					VIN	ouncer 7	трріу	_

8.5.4 Option 3: Installing OpenCPN with all available plugins

Once you have Raspbian running on Raspberry Pi, go to Menu \rightarrow Accessories \rightarrow Terminal, and type:

\$ sudo apt-get install opencpn*

If you get an error doing this, you will have to install the plugins individually by typing:

\$ sudo apt-get install opencpn-plugin-watchdog

\$ sudo apt-get install opencpn-plugin-statusbar

If a new version of OpenCPN is released, just type:

\$ sudo apt-get update

\$ sudo apt-get install opencpn

You should now be up and running with the R500NGi displaying NMEA data either from the serial port or on a visual chart plot.

9 FAULT FINDING

9.1 Power LED not illuminating

Check the power supply and that the unit is connected to a 5 V dc power source capable of providing an operating current of 1.2 A minimum

Check that the micro-USB cable is correctly connected and that the cable and socket are not damaged.

9.2 Channel Indicators A & B do not flash

Check that the VHF antenna is correctly connected

Check that the antenna is correctly positioned, i.e. at a direct line of sight to nearby vessels

Check that the antenna body and cable connectors are free of corrosion and moisture

10 GPS RECEIVER

The R500NGi contains an integral GPS receiver allowing positional data and AIS data to be output together from the receiver.

A standard active 3.3 volts dc GPS antenna with a gain between 10 and 30 dB needs to be connected to the TNC connector on the rear of the R500NGi for the GPS receiver to work.

By default the GPS receiver will output the following NMEA messages:

GPGGA, GPGSA, GPGSV, GPRMC

10.1 GPS Receiver Technical Specification

- Channels: 12 Parallel Channels
- Frequency: 1575.42 MHz
- WAAS: Yes
- Update Rate: 1 sec
- Hot Start: 2 sec
- Warm Start: 15 sec
- Cold Start: 45 sec

11 SPECIFICATION

11.1 Physical			
Weight:	450g		
Dimensions:	L 135 mm W 80 mm D 39 mm		
Mounting:	To flat surface; 2 holes in case bottom		
Connections:	Micro USB (Power); RJ45 Ethernet 10 / 100 Base-T; 4x USB 2.0 type B socket; BNC Coaxial to antenna; TNC Coaxial to GPS antenna; Micro-SD card slot		
Construction:	Plastic housing		

11.2 Electrical and Electronic				
Power Supply:	5 V dc; 900 – 1200 mA typical			

Power Supply:	5 V dc; 900 – 1200 mA typical
Antenna Impedance:	50 Ω
USB power:	100 mA each port (max)

11.3 Operational				
Frequency	AIS : Channel A 161.975 MHz AIS : Channel B 162.025 MHz GPS: 1575.42MHz			
Sensitivity:	< -112 dBM			
Microcomputer:	Raspberry Pi™ 3 (1.2 GHz 64bit quad-core ARM v8 CPU)			
WiFi:	802.11n			
Display:	3 Indicator LEDs (Ch A; Ch B; Power ON)			
Data Types Received:	AIS: Name of Vessel; MMSI Number; Position; Speed (SOG); Course (COG); Type of Vessel; Call Sign; Heading; Rate of Turn; Navigational Status; Vessel Dimensions; Destination and others GPS: Standard - GPRMC GPGGA GPGSA GPGSV Optional - PGRME GPGLL GPVTG PGRMV PGRMF PGRMB PGRMM PGRMT			
Frequency	AIS : Channel A 161.975 MHz AIS : Channel B 162.025 MHz GPS: 1575.42MHz			

11.4 Environmental

IP Rating:	IP40
Operating temp:	-15°C to +55°C
Compass:	Safe Distance 50 cm

11.5 Additional Information

Supplied:	R500NGi receiver (without software)
Option 1:	R500NGi receiver with standard configuration
	Soltwale
Option 2:	R500NGi receiver with bespoke data
	management software

12 SAFETY AND SECURITY

Please observe the following procedures to ensure safety of personnel installing and operating the equipment:

- 1. Ensure all power to the unit is disconnected and locked-out during installation, maintenance and removal procedures
- 2. Ensure power is disconnected and locked-out in the event of mechanical damage to the unit, rendering internal parts accessible to personnel
- 3. Only the electrical power of the specified voltage should be connected to the unit
- 4. The panel to which the unit is mounted should be designed to provide adequate mechanical support. This minimises the possibility of damage or injury caused under mechanical shock conditions
- 5. Care should be taken to ensure the fixings used to mount the unit to the panel are correctly fitted and retain their mechanical integrity over time

13 LIMITED WARRANTY

COMAR SYSTEMS LTD. warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and manufacture for one year from the date of purchase. Comar Systems Ltd will, at its sole option, repair or replace any components that fail in normal use. Such repairs or replacement will be made at no charge to the customer for parts and labour. The customer is, however, responsible for any transportation costs incurred in returning the unit to Comar Systems Ltd.

This warranty does not cover failures due to abuse, misuse, accident or unauthorised alteration or repairs.

The above does not affect the statutory rights of the consumer.

Changes or modifications not made by Comar Systems or an authorised repairer will: (1) Void the warranty issued by Comar Systems (2) Void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: Every effort has been made to ensure that all information contained in this manual is accurate at the time of going to press. We therefore cannot take any responsibility for the content and advise that you take normal steps to ensure that the information is at its most current when you are reading this manual.

14 APPENDIX 1 – Background to AIS

The marine Automatic Identification System (AIS) is a location and vessel information reporting system. It allows vessels equipped with AIS to automatically and dynamically share and regularly update their position, speed, course and other information such as vessel identity with similarly equipped vessels or shore installations. Position is derived from the Global Positioning System (GPS) and communication uses Very High Frequency (VHF) digital transmissions.

There are a number of types of AIS device as follows:

- Class 'A' transceivers. These are designed to be fitted to large vessels such as cargo ships and large passenger vessels. Class 'A' transceivers transmit at a high RF signal power and therefore can be received by more distant vessels. They also transmit more frequently. Class 'A' transceivers are mandatory on all vessels over 300 gross tonnes on international voyages and certain types of passenger vessels under SOLAS regulations.
- Class 'B' transceivers. Similar to Class 'A' transceivers in many ways, but due to the less stringent performance requirements they are normally available at lower cost. Class 'B' transceivers transmit at a lower power and at a lower reporting rate than Class 'A' transceivers.
- AIS base stations. AIS base stations are used by Vessel Traffic Systems to monitor and control the transmissions of AIS transceivers.
- Aids to Navigation (AtoN) transceivers. AtoNs are transceivers mounted on buoys or other hazards to shipping which transmit details of their location to the surrounding vessels.
- AIS receivers. AIS receivers will generally receive transmissions from Class 'A' transceivers, Class 'B' transceivers, AtoNs and AIS base stations but do not transmit any kind of AIS (or other) information.

Information transmitted from vessels fitted with AIS transponders may (but not always) include:

Name of Vessel	Call sign	Type of vessel
Speed over the ground (SoG)	Course over the ground (CoG)	Heading
Position	Navigational status	Vessel Dimensions
MMSI Number	IMO Number	Draft
Rate of Turn	Size of vessel	Status
Destination	ETA	Cargo



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